

ALBA

Harness the power of 20

Combine the ALBAcyte® Antibody Identification Panel (16-cell)
with the ALBAcyte® Expanded Rh Negative Antibody Screen (4-cell)
to tackle complex antibody workups.



AliveDx

Resolve more with 16 + 4

ALBAcyte® Antibody Identification Panel (16-cell)

(Z473U)

The $R_1^w R_1$ cell will always be K^- .

There will always be at least one cell that is $K+k^-$ (cellano negative).

There will always be 4 rr cells. Within those cells, there will always be at least one of each phenotype: $S+s^-$, $S-s+$, $Fy(a+b^-)$, $Fy(a-b+)$, $Jk(a+b^-)$, $Jk(a-b+)$

ALBAcyte® REAGENT RED BLOOD CELLS FOR IDENTIFICATION OF UNEXPECTED ANTIBODIES
Antibody Identification (16-Cell) –REF Z473U

Cell #	Rh-hr	Donor	D	C	E	c	e	f	V	C ^u	K	k	Kp ^a	Kp ^b	Js ^a	Js ^b	Fy ^a	Fy ^b	Jk ^a	Jk ^b	Le ^a	Le ^b	M	N	S	s	P1	Lu ^a	Lu ^b	Xg ^a	Wr ^a	Special Types	TEST RESULTS	Cell #	
1	$R_1^w R_1$	4395030	+	+	+	0	0	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		1	
2	$R_1 R_1$	2096854	+	+	0	0	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		2	
3	$R_2 R_2$	4444324	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		3	
4	$r'r$	4153517	0	+	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		4	
5	$r'r$	4171437	0	0	+	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		5	
6	$R_2 r$	394299	+	0	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		6	
7	rr	3435984	0	0	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		7	
8	rr	3504218	0	0	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		8	
9	rr	6097070	0	0	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		9	
10	rr	4313419	0	0	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		10	
11	$R_1 R_2$	4295417	+	+	+	+	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		11
12	$R_1 R_1$	1071-140-6	+	+	0	0	+	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		12
13	rr	1000171044	0	0	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		13
14	$R_2 R_2$	8302230101019	+	0	+	+	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		14
15	$R_2 R_2$	5026993	+	+	+	+	0	0	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		15
16	rr	141388	0	0	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		16
Patients cells																																			

At least one cell will be $Le(a-b^-)$.

Cell #11 will be $R_1 R_2$, useful for ruling out Anti-E in the presence of Anti-c. Cell #15 will be $R_2 R_2$ or a rare cell.

There will always be two $Fy(a-b^-)$ cells. One will be R_0 ; one will be rr .

Anti-K will not be masked by antibodies to Jk^a , Jk^b , Fy^a , Fy^b , S or s

ALBAcyte® Expanded Rh Negative Antibody Screen (4-cell)

(Z464U)

An additional $r'r$ cell for ruling out Anti-C in the presence of Anti-D.

An additional $r'r$ cell for ruling out Anti-E in the presence of Anti-D.

The $K+$ cell will always be D^- .

Within the 3 RhD negative cells, there will be at least one of each phenotype: $Fy(a+b^-)$, $Fy(a-b+)$, $S+s^-$, $S-s+$, $Le(a-b+)$, $Le(a-b^-)$, $Jk(a+b^-)$, $Jk(a-b+)$

ALBAcyte® REAGENT RED BLOOD CELLS FOR IDENTIFICATION OF UNEXPECTED ANTIBODIES
Expanded Rh Negative Antibody Screen –REF Z464U

Cell #	Rh-hr	Donor	D	C	E	c	e	f	V	C ^u	K	k	Kp ^a	Kp ^b	Js ^a	Js ^b	Fy ^a	Fy ^b	Jk ^a	Jk ^b	Le ^a	Le ^b	M	N	S	s	P1	Lu ^a	Lu ^b	Xg ^a	Wr ^a	Special Types	TEST RESULTS	Cell #	
1	$r'r$	604225	0	+	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		1	
2	$r'r$	3900039	0	0	+	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		2	
3	rr	1082646	0	0	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		3	
4	$R_0 R_0$	DN20080985	+	0	0	+	+	+	0	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+		4
Patient Cells																																			

Notes:

- All cells are DAT negative.
- NT = Not tested.
- The f antigen status has been determined presumptively.
- Cell #4 is designated as $R_0 R_0$ based on statistical probability for the source donor population but a genotype of $R_1 r$ cannot be excluded.

*Indicates those antigens whose presence or absence may have been determined using only a single example of a specific antibody.

Cell #4 may be used to confirm Anti-D ($D+C-E^-$ cell). Statistically likely to be a double dose of the D antigen.

The $R_0 R_0$ cell is always $Fy(a-b^-)$.

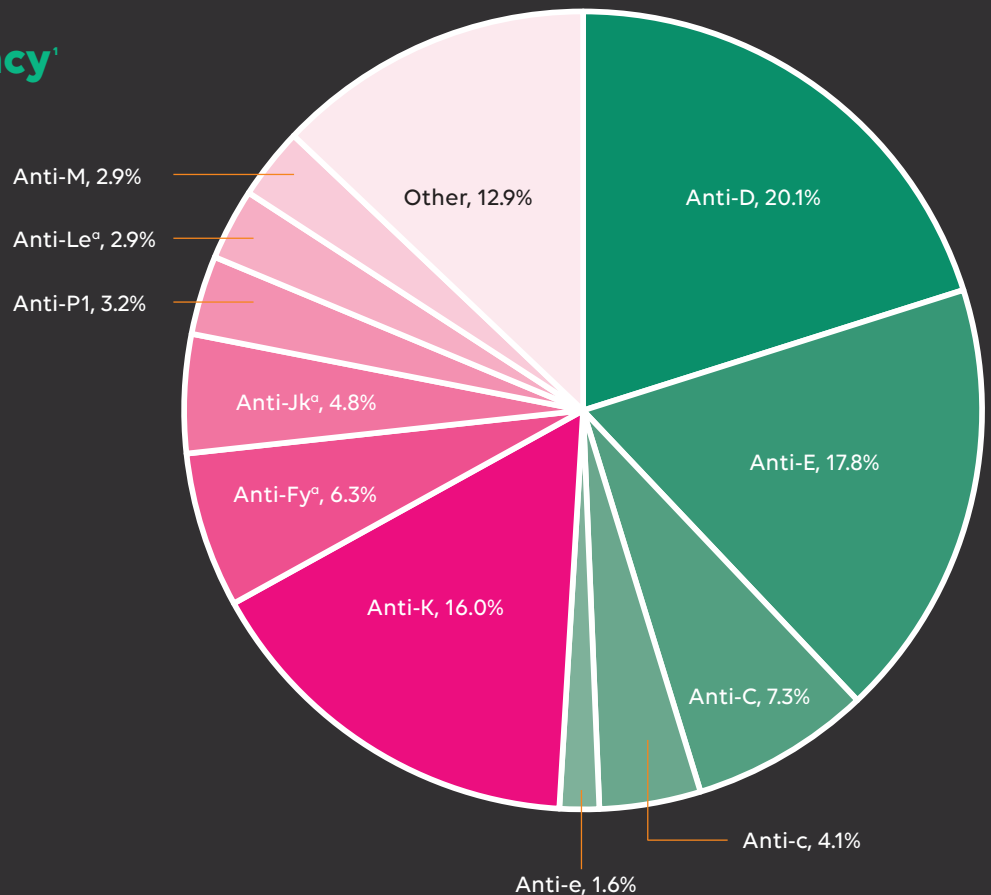
Reliable source of additional **IN-DATE CELLS** you select most often for:

- Ruling out common antibodies
- Quality control of C, E, c, e and K antisera



Combining 16 + 4 resolves the antibodies you see most often

Alloantibody frequency¹



Most common alloantibody combinations²

Anti-K + Anti-E
Anti-D + Anti-C
Anti-E + Anti-c



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AliveDx

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1. Petras ML, Leach MK, Szczepiorkowski ZM, Dunbar NM. Red blood cell alloantibodies: a 45-year historical review at a rural tertiary care center. [Letter to the editor]. *Transfusion* 2012;52:1380-2.

2. Tormey CA, Stack G. The characterization and classification of concurrent blood group antibodies. *Transfusion* 2009;49:2709-18.